



Intent: The Department of Health and Social Care say that, "There is no health without mental health." This is the intent of Featherstone Primary School's Healthy Mind, Healthy Body (HMHB) curriculum, where we firmly place mental health and emotional wellbeing within all of our strands of the learning: our Eleven Core Values; The Fundamental British Values; Equality and Diversity; Religious Education; Relationships and Sex Education and finally, Health education. Our intent is to educate children so that they can conduct themselves respectfully in all aspects of the school, lead a healthy, well-rounded life, safeguard themselves against any bad influences around them and ultimately prepare for, and be successful in, the next step of their education and life in a diverse, Modern Britain.

Character Education: Featherstone's Eleven Core Values										
Respect	Diversity	Friendliness	Honesty	Self-discipline	Trust	Co-operation	Patience	Self-belief	Courtesy	Aspiration
Children understand that being respectful includes using manners. They begin to show manners independently around school by saying "please" and "thankyou." The children understand why the school is a better place with respect and that everyone deserves respect, no matter who they are.	Children understand Diversity as 'differences between people' and they happily embrace diversity in and around school. Children do this by making positive comments about the children in their classroom and beyond. Children can see the benefits of having boys and girls in the school as well as young and older people in their lives.	Children understand that it is important to be friendly to everyone and understand that it is OK to have more than one friend. Children know lots of ways to be friendly and know that unfriendliness is wrong.	Children know what a 'lie' is and what the 'truth' is. They understand the vocab: 'fact.' Children have a basic understanding of: when you lie, something bad happens. Children can link values behaviour to the zone board.	Children want to keep on showing self-discipline from their good start in Reception by recognising feelings such as sadness and fear and with support, begin to give ideas on how to feel more positive. Children, with help, begin to control what they are feeling. Children use self-discipline to have good hygiene habits and look smart.	Children know how to build good, trustful relationships with each other. They link this to the Value of Co- operation, i.e. they speak nicely when working together and know how to settle disagreements. They begin to understand that <i>some</i> disagreements can be good to have their own opinion but use trust to work with others well.	Year One children can give reasons about why co- operation is important and can work in 2s and 3s. They work together with their classmates and can talk about what each person is going to do to complete the task. Using role play, Year One can practise and act our co- operative choices.	In Year One, children know that rushing something can be bad and that it can result in mistakes or getting annoyed. They understand that taking your time on something can be better and result in something that is of a higher quality.	Year One know that 'Believe' is in our school motto. They show self- belief as having a 'can do' attitude and by spreading positive vibes like smiling, sharing and helping. They know that their positive vibes helps them as well as others.	Year One develop more positive things to do and say to show Courtesy. For example, saying 'Good Morning,' carrying things to help and holding the door open for someone else. Year One understands that Courtesy always needs to be shown and it's not just something you do during HMHB lessons.	Year One children know Aspiration as 'having a dream or hope to do something.' Children know how a big dream or hope might become true with working hard and resilience (not giving up). They remember that 'aspire' is on the school logo.

The Fundamental British Values						
Democracy	The rule of law	Individual liberty	Mutual respect for and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs and for those without faith			

Equality and Diversity						
To know that it is OK to play with boys	To understand we share the world with	To understand our bodies work in	To like the way I am	To recognise that people are different		
and girls	different people	different ways		ages		

## Featherstone Primary School: Progression within Healthy Mind, Healthy Body for Year One

		Religious Education			
Content Knowledge:		Christianity (Educational Visit): The Creation Story; Noah's Ark; Gift-giving at Christmas; The birth of Jesus; Jesus is God's	Religious Dispositions		
Learning about the faiths		gift to the world; Worshipping in a church.	Being Accountable and Living with Integrity		
		Islam: Who is Allah? Who is Prophet Mohammad? What is the Qur'an? The importance of Ramadan and Eid.	Cultivating Inclusion, Identity and Belonging		
	Reflection	Understand that people have different beliefs	Remembering Roots		
he	Enquiry	Identify what they find interesting and puzzling in the religious material studied	Expressing Joy		
а Д		Ask simple questions	Being Curious and Valuing Knowledge		
fro	Expression	Say what they feel about the religious material studied	Being Fair and Just		
ng ihs		Say what matters to them in their own lives	Being Open, Honest and Truthful		
rning faiths	Application	Recall features and main events of religious stories	<ul> <li>Being Loyal and Steadfast</li> </ul>		
Lea		Recognise religious symbols, words/vocabulary, main beliefs and religious practices	<ul> <li>Being Modest and Listening to others</li> </ul>		
ls:		Identify what is of value to themselves from the religious material studied	Being Thankful		
Skil	Empathy	Simply say whether they agree or disagree with someone else	Being Courageous and Confident		
		Learn how to share with others	Being Hopeful and Visionary		

	Relationshi	p Education	Health Education		
	Healthy Relationships	People who help me	My body	Life cycles	
1	Who might rely on me?	Who can I go to if I am worried about	Why are girls' and boys' bodies different?	How much have I changed since I was a baby?	
	What is teasing and what happens?	something? (Build on from EYFS).	What are my senses? (Science NC).	How are other children similar and different to	
	How can I be a good friend?			me?	
	Why is it fun to have a friend who is different to				
	me?				
	Is it ok to be different?				
	Should boys and girls behave differently?				
	What is a 'poor choice?'				